MIDDLE EAST AND SOUTH ASIA REVIEW

13 OCTOBER 1981

Egypt

Security Situation -- AFP reported that fighting again erupted between Muslim fundamentalists and security forces in Asyut on 10 October. It noted that 2 days later isolated pockets of resistance were continuing to hold out and that government forces were continuing sweeps through the town to eliminate them. AFP cited the 12 October MAY as saying that the death toll resulting from the fighting had reached 54 among the police alone. However, an Interior Ministry statement issued on the same day and carried by MENA indicated that 44 of the government's men and 9 of the rebels had died as a result of the fighting. Concerning the identity of the rebels, AFP cited government sources who identified them as members of the Society of Repudiation and Renunciation, which they characterized as "more hardline" than the Muslim Brotherhood. Interior Minister Nabawi Isma'il said during a Cairo television appearance reported by MENA that those responsible for the unrest in Asyut had first planned to launch attacks in several governorates but decided in the end to concentrate on Asyut. Commenting on the situation in Cairo, on 12 October AFP described it as normal. Another AFP report contained a denial by Interior Minister Isma'il of reports that his Cairo suburb home had come under attack on the night of 10 October.

Mubarak on Security, PLO, Sudan -- In an interview with AFP, reported by MENA, Vice President Husni Mubarak asserted that the Asyut incident is over and that no further security measures are necessary beyond those already in force. Regarding the PLO, Mubarak maintained that it did not represent all Palestinians, citing as examples of this those Palestinians living in Gaza and the West Bank. MENA earlier reported another Mubarak interview, with American journalist Barbara Walters, in which he affirmed that he would be going to the United States early in 1982, in response to an invitation from President Ronald Reagan. Mubarak went on to say that war is possible between Egypt and Libya if the latter takes any military action against Sudan, which Egypt considers "vital" to its interests.

Ash-Shadhili Comments -- Damascus Voice of Arab Egypt radio broadcast on 10 October a telephone interview with Egyptian National Front leader Lt Gen Sa'd ad-Din ash-Shadhili in which he refused to affirm or deny the front's responsibility for the killing of As-Sadat, going on to say that the "entire Egyptian opposition in responsible." Ash-Shadhili reiterated this stand in an interview granted to AFP on 11 October. At a 12 Octber press conference in Tripoli, Ash-Shadhili was reported by AFP to have said that with the establishment of democracy in Egypt, which is his main objective, anything would be possible, even acceptance of the Camp David accords, were the Egyptian people to want them.

Assassination Plotters -- MENA reported that in a 9 October statement made in Cairo, deputy prime minister Fu'ad Muhyi ad-Din said that the military authorities have information on three persons involved in the assassination of President Anwar as-Sadat but that the names of the accused have not been revealed so as not to hinder investigations. He went on to say that there was no relationship between the assassination and the Asyut incident that started 8 October. In a related item, AFP reported that 13 officers have been dismissed from the army and transferred to civilian administrative jobs on account of their extremist religious views.

As-Sadat Funeral -- According to AFP, Egyptians were limited to television viewing of the 10 October state funeral of President as-Sadat primarily because of the government's concern for the safety of the numerous Western leaders, the few Arab leaders and Israeli Prime Minister Menahem Begin. While AFP reported that the only Arab states to be represented on the occasion were Sudan, Oman and Somalia, and that Moroccan Prime Minister Matti Bouabid had dropped his plans to attend, Cairo radio, which broadcast a live relay of the event, said that Bouabid was among those in the procession.

Egyptian-Israeli Talks -- MENA reported that in a statement carried by the 12 October issue of MAY, Vice President Mubarak said that in his talks with Israeli Prime Minister Begin, who had come to Egypt for President as-Sadat's funeral, the Israeli leader declared the withdrawal from the Sinai will proceed on schedule and that he told Begin that Egypt is loyal to its commitments, that there will be no return to war and that peace will endure forever. According to Jerusalem radio, the two leaders also discussed the matter of cooperation in confronting the threat emanating from Libya. The radio further indicated that Begin and Mubarak will meet again in 2 or 3 months.

In an interview with Paris radio, Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhaq Shamir, who attended the talks between Begin and Mubarak, affirmed that the Israeli side is confident of Egyptian loyalty to As-Sadat's policies.

Ghali on Peace Process -- Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Butrus Ghali was reported by MENA as having stated after an 11 October meeting between Foreign Minister Kamal Hasan 'Ali and U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig that the Egyptian side had emphasized in the meeting that Israel needs to take additional steps in the West Bank and Gaza to make the political atmosphere there more conducive to Palestinian participation in the peace process.

Denials on Canal Transit Impediment -- Jerusalem radio cited military sources as denying earlier reports that Israel had received a request from the Egyptian authorities asking that vessels flying the Israeli flag temporarily refrain from using the Suez Canal because of heightened Egyptian sensitivities resulting from the As-Sadat assassination.

Soviet Interference Claim -- Cairo radio reported an official government spokesman's statement in reply to a statement issued by the Soviet Government charging U.S. interference in Egytian affairs and a consequent threat to Soviet security interests. The spokesman said that since the Soviet statement affects Egyptian policy and its decision-making freedom, Egypt rejects the statement as an attempt to interefere in Egyptian affairs.

Libyan Broadcasts on Egyptian Situation

Over the weekend, Tripoli Voice of Arab Homeland radio continued to devote the bulk of its programming to Egyptian affairs, with the station being periodically identified by the announcer as the Voice of Arab Egypt. On the evening of 11 October, it was announced that the Voice of Arab Egypt, "the organ of the Egyptian National Front," would broadcast every day over the Voice of Arab Homeland frequencies from 2030 to 2230 GMT and from 0400 until 0600 GMT. On the same day, Ash-Shadhili said in an AFP interview that the Libyan authorities had given him "independent broadcasting time on radio Tripoli's international" beams so that there will be no confusion between the views of Libya and those of the Egyptian National Front. The Voice of Arab Egypt broadcast separate calls to the Egyptian and Sudanese peoples to revolt against their governments. It also rebroadcast Ash-Shadhili statements, which had been carried earlier by the radio, calling on Egyptians to rise up against the government and to boycott the 13 October presidential referendum. The Voice of Arab Homeland -- which since the assassination of As-Sadat has, along with Tripoli radio, increased its broadcasting hours, albeit erratically -- also included among its programs calls to the Egyptian and Sudanese peoples to revolt. In an unscheduled broadcast, the radio accused the United States of plotting to invade Egypt to counter the loss of As-Sadat, the U.S. agent. In a subsequently broadcast, the radio said Libya stands with Egypt and places all of its resources at its disposal in confronting the United States and Israel.

Syria

At-Turayki Visit -- Damascus radio reported that Libyan Foreign Affairs Secretary 'Ali 'Abd as-Salam at-Turayki met President Hafiz al-Asad in Latakia on 11 October and delivered a message to him from Libyan leader Col Mu'ammar al-Qadhdhafi. According to the clandestine Voice of Palestine radio, At-Turayki met earlier in Damascus with Fatah Central Committee member Salah Khalaf. In a 10 October press conference in the Syrian capital, reported by JANA, At-Turayki said recent U.S. military moves in the Middle East will only make the Egyptian people more convinced of the correctness of their decision to execute As-Sadat and of the need to foil As-Sadat's "capitulationist stance" and return Egypt to its rightful role within the Arab nation.

Soviets Killed -- Citing well-informed Moscow sources and PRAVDA, AFP reported that on 5 October Muslim Brotherhood members attacked an apartment building housing Soviet personnel in Damascus, killing two Soviet citizens and injuring a number of others. According to Voice of Lebanon radio, the attackers "stormed" the premises in a car, which exploded shortly afterward.

PLO

The Voice of Palestine reported that Fatah Central Committee member Majid Arbu Sharar was killed by a bomb explosion in a Rome hotel on 9 October. The radio later broadcast a PLO Executive Committee statement accusing Israeli intelligence, backed by the CIA, of the deed. While ANSA reported that an anonymous caller told UPI in Beirut that dissident Palestinian leader Abu Nidal's Al-Asifa group was responsible for the bomb, it later noted that a PLO spokesman told a Rome press conference that Al-Asifa could not have carried out the attack on Abu Sharar. Meanwhile, the Voice of Palestine criticized the Italian police handling of the affair and asserted that "Rome shall not sleep" until the Italians hand over the assassins to the PLO.

Iran

Security Situation -- Tehran radio reported the execution over the weekend of 82 Mojahedin-e Khalq members and other dissidents, most of them in Tehran. The radio had earlier noted that 37 Mojahedin were executed in Esfahan on 7 October. According to AFP, Iran has denied a charge by the Mojahedin that nearly 100 schoolchildren injured in recent street fighting were taken from hospital beds and executed at Evin Prison last week. Tehran radio said in a 12 October clash with revolution guards in central Tehran a number of Majahedin were killed, a number fled and eight were arrested. Other radio reports and revolution guards' statements broadcast by the radio noted the arrest during last week and over the weekend of at least 63 dissidents in Tehran, Rasht, Gorgan and several other areas. Meanwhile, an 11 October radio report said a Shiraz doctor was assassinated by Mojahedin. The radio also reported that government forces captured another Kurdish rebel base near Marivan, killing 20 rebels.

Dispute With Saudi Arabia -- The Iranian-Saudi dispute over the treatment and behavior of Iranian pilgrims has continued with Tehran radio broadcasting an exchange of letters between Saudi King Khalid ibn 'Abd al-'Aziz and Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeyni on the subject. While the Saudi king asserted that the recent actions of Iranian pilgrims were "disturbed and disgusted" other pilgrims, Khomeyni denied this, saying instead that the behavior of Saudi officials has caused the "hatred and dissatisfaction" of other pilgrims and insisting that King Khalid had received "false and distorted" reports on the matter from his officials. Tehran radio subsequently reported that Saudi officials released 47 Iranian pilgrims held on various charges and that "thousands" of Iranian pilgrims held a 12 October march in Mecca protesting the Saudi treatment of them. Citing Iranian newspapers, AFP reported on 13 October that Iran has begun a propaganda campaign against the Saudis, suggesting that King Khalid might suffer the same fate as President as-Sadat.

Soviet Delegation -- PARS reported that a delegation of Soviet experts on Oriental and Iranian affairs arrived in Tehran on 12 October.

Iran-Iraq War

In a 10 October interview with Tehran radio, Iranian Majlis speaker 'Ali Akbar Hashemi-Rafsanjani said Islamic Conference Secretary General Habib Chatti's latest peace proposals contain "nothing new," despite some changes in interpretation and approach.

He affirmed that Iran is not prepared to talk before the withdrawal of Iraqi forces from Iranian territory and indicated that Iran does not regard the Shatt al-Arab dispute as negotiable. Since the Algiers agreement of 1975 is "still valid" he said, there can be no new discussions about the waterway. Although Foreign Minister Mir-Hoseyn Musavi reported Chatti's proposals to the Iranian Supreme Defense Council session on 9 October, Rafsanjani disclosed, the council neither discussed nor decided on them.

Among Iranian and Iraqi reports on the fighting, an Iraqi Armed Forces communique broadcast by Baghdad's Voice of Masses radio on 11 October claimed that Iraqi forces compelled Iranian units in the Susangerd area to retreat.

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LETTERS, STATEMENTS ISSUED ON PILGRIMS IN MECCA

King Khalid's Letter

LD101954 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 10 Oct 81

["Text" of 5 October letter to Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeyni from Saudi King Khalid ibn 'Abd al-'Aziz]

[Text] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. His Excellency Ayatollah Imam Khomeyni: The Embassy of the Islamic Republic of Iran in Jidda stated that Your Excellency issued orders to the Iranian pilgrims to the holy house of God urging them to (?observe) unity among the Muslims, to avoid divisive actions, to (?obey) congregational prayer leaders while praying in mosques and to follow the decree concerning the observation of the first moon of the month of Dhul-Hijjah [the month of pilgrimage] in Saudi Arabia, even if it were not proved that the moon had been seen in Iran.

I am pleased to express my gratitude to Your Excellency for these thoughts and attentions. Unfortunately, however, some of the Iranian pilgrims to the house of God, incited by their organizers, defied your instructions and indulged in activities in your name which not only were contrary to your aims but were also contrary to the aims of pilgrimage and the honor of holy places. The following are examples of such acts:

1. Some of the Iranian pilgrims gathered behind the Black Stone; one of their elders began shouting slogans, between the place of circumambulation and the holy Ka'aba [the mosque which holds the Black Stone].

2. A large crowd of Iranian pilgrims marched around the place of circumambulation, and while repeating the previous slogans, approached the Black Stone, (?waved their hands) and shouted slogans like: God is the greatest; Khomeyni is the greatest; and: There is only one God; there is only one Khomeyni. These actions disturbed and disgusted other pilgrims to the holy house of God and no doubt this action will damage Iran's credibility and prestige.

The Government of Saudi Arabia treated the Iranian pilgrims rationally and leniently and its release of that group of pilgrims -- even those who possessed narcotics -- is evidence of the good intentions of the Government of Saudi Arabia and its observation of the holiness of the pilgrimage.

Finally, in order to prevent the Saudi Arabian Government from being forced to take necessary action regarding those people, it would be appropriate to inform Your Excellency of what occurred. We hope that Your Excellency will issue orders to the Iranian pilgrims to (?avoid) such actions and to merely perform the pilgrimage ceremonies for which they have gone to the house of God. We are certain that the Iranian pilgrims would honor your excellency's orders.

We ask the Almighty God to make successful all who act in the interests of Islam and Muslims. May God keep you.

[Signed] Khalid ibn 'Abd al-'Aziz, 5 October 1981

Khomeyni's Reply

LD102042 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 10 Oct 81

[10 October letter from Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeyni in reply to 5 October letter from Saudi King Khalid ibn 'Abd al-'Aziz]

[Text] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. Your Excellency King Khalid ibn 'Abd al-'Aziz, king of Saudi Arabia. Your letter has been received. What the Embassy of the Islamic Republic has told you is correct. I regard all the difficulties and miseries of the Muslims and governments of Islmaic countries to be due to differences and discords among them.

Islamic governments have 1 billion people and underground resources, especially torrents of oil which is the lifeline of the superpowers; they have the life-giving teachings of the glorious Koran and the religiopolitical ordinances of the prophet of Islam, may God's blessings be upon him and his scion, who has called upon Muslims to grasp the rope of God and refrain from schism and discord; they have a goal and a refuge such as the two holy mosques which at the time of the prophet of God, may God's blessings be upon him, and long after his death, were centers of Islamic worship and politics where campaigns and political activities were planned. Why, then as the result of distorted views, ill intentions and the widespread propaganda of the superpowers, has the situation reached a point that interference in political and social affairs -- which are very necessary and are among the most important duties of Muslims -- are regarded as offenses in the two holy mosques and the Saudi police attack Muslims with jackboots and weapons, beat them, arrest them and send them to prison from inside the holy mosque, a place where according to the teachings of God and according to the text of the glorious Koran are safe places for all, even deviates?

The offense of these Muslims has been to chant slogans against America and Israel, enemies of God and to the prophet. I do not know whether you have received a correct report of what goes on in your country and in the two holy mosques or whether, like the slogans of the Iranians which are known throughout the world, you receive distorted versions and false reports. I do not konw what sort of understanding of Islam the congregational imam of the two holy mosques have or what they understand about the pilgrimage to the holy house of God -- which is completely linked with politics and the secret of which, according to the general policy of all the great prophets, especially the seal of the prophets, may God's blessings be upon him, is to call the people to justice and put an end to oppression and plundering -- that in the name of Islam they forbad pilgrims in the two holy mosques from interfering in politics and even from chanting slogans against Israel and America. Moreover, in accordance with the wishes of America, Israel and other enemies of Islam, and contrary to the practice of the illustrious prophet of Islam, may God's blessing be upon him and his scion, and the Muslims of the early days of Islam, they forbad Muslims from interfering in politics and deliberately or through ignorance and negligence prepare the way for the dominance of the alliens over Islamic countries, even over the two holy mosques, the place of revelation and where the angels of God descended.

If the Hejas [Saudi Arabian] Government would make political and Islamic use of this religiopolitical ceremony which takes place very year in the noble premises of the two holy mosques with the preparation of millions of Muslims it would have no need of America, AWACS planes, or other superpowers; and the difficulties of the Muslims would have been solved. We know that America has put these planes at the disposal of Saudi Arabia so that America can make use of them in its own interests and in the interests of Israel. As we saw, in order to create discord among Iranian Muslims and other Arab Muslims the American AWACS gave an entirely false report about the bombing of Kuwait oil installations by Iran.

Unfortunately, this negligence is widespread in all the governments of Islamic countries, so much so that the treacherous and criminal hand of the superpowers has pushed the Muslims and their political leaders away from interfering in politics and taking care of the affairs of the Muslims. It has been carried out to such an extent that in the center of Islamic politics, at the orders of kings and preachers, Muslims are regarded as guilty for taking part in politics or even for chanting slogans against the bloodthirsty enemies of the glorious Koran and beloved Islam and are dragged to prisons and tortured.

Are you aware of these crimes being committed in the two holy mosques, in the safe haven of God and at the side of the shrine of the prophet of God, may God's blessings be upon him? Or are the issues brought to you in a distorted and prejudiced way, as can be seen from the slogans of the Iranians which have been reported to you?

In Iran we have risen, with the assistance of Almight God, in order to bring the Muslims of the world under the banner of monotheism, to ensure their commitment to the progressive teachings of Islam, to cut the hands of the superpowers from Islamic countries, to restore the glory of the Muslims of the early days of Islam, to wipe out the tyrannical dominance of the infidels over Islamic lands and to restore freedom and independence to the Muslims. It is hoped that Islamic governments, especially the Government of Saudi Arabia, which is in the center of Islamic politics, will join and participate with us and that each will taste the sweetness of the sincere cooperation of their nations and, like the popular Government of Iran, enjoy this great divine bounty, and in accordance with the teachings of the glorious Koran, deal with affection and brotherhood with Islamic nations and governments and with severity and strength with the infidels and international plunderers.

Finally, I emphasize the fact that it is clear from your letter that you are given false and distorted reports, as you have written that the slogans of the Iranian pilgrims have disturbed and disgusted the pilgrims of the house of God. It would be better if you would appoint some trustworthy individuals to be in charge of reports, so that you would know that the slogans against Israel and America have not disgusted and disturbed the pilgrims; but that the behavior of the Saudi officials and beating and imprisoning of the guests of the Almighty God for the crime of chanting slogans against Israel and America has caused the hatred and dissatisfaction of Muslims throughout the world, especially the pilgrims of the house of God and the holy mosque of the prophet of God. May God's blessings be upon him and his scion.

I beseech God Almighty to awaken the Muslims from their sleep of negligence, to increase the greatness of Islam and to guide Muslims, especially Muslim leaders, to that which is in the interest is Islam and Muslims.

Greetings be upon you and upon all Muslims.

[Signed] Ruhollah ali-Musavi Khomeyni, 10 October 1981

Foreign Ministry Statement

LD111200 Tehran PARS in English 0951 GMT 11 Oct 81

[Text] Tehran, 11 Oct (PARS) -- Enemies of the Islamic revolution sought to create scandal and tumult in the hajj by attributing heretical utterances and action to Iranian pilgrims in Mecca. These scandalous reports prompted the Saudi Arabian king to write a letter over this alleged matter.... The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran issued an announcement this morning in which it denied these distorted reports concerning the slogans of Iranian pilgrims relayed to the king of Saudi Arabia and called these plots of the agents of the United States and regime occupying Al-Quds who intend to sow discord among the Islamic nation, and to separate religion from politics in the world of Islam. The text reads as follow:

In the name of God the compassionate, the merciful. "Unfortunately the plots of agents of the United States and Israel and other opponents of the [word indistinct] of the Islamic nation are being enacted through distorted and provocative reports that caused the king of Saudi Arabia to write a letter to the imam of the nation and founder of the Islamic Republic of Iran in which he referred to dualistic slogans allegedly said by Iranian pilgrims during the hajj rituals, i.e. 'God is great, Khomeyni is great' or 'only one God, only one Khomeyni.' The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran categorically denies the libellous reports and calls to witness demonstrations held during the years of campaign against the defunct shah and plundering United States in which millions of Iranian Muslims participated.

"The revolutionary Iranian nation is well aware that Islam and the Koran will punish those who chant such slogans and commit such imprudence. We hereby condemn the tricks and plots of the U.S. and Israel and their agents aimed at separating the heads of Islamic states of 'Umma and to exclude religion from politics in the Islamic world. We hope that the ranks of the Muslims will increasingly consolidate themselves day by day throughout the world."

Guidance Minister's Statement

LD131048 Tehran PARS in English 0740 GMT 13 Oct 81

[Text] Tehran, 13 Oct (PARS NEWS AGENCY) -- Iran's pilgrims made a deep impression on other pilgrims during this year's hajj rituals said the Islamic guidance minister upon his return to Iran. Hojjat ol-Eslam Ma'adikhah, who arrived in Tehran on Monday evening, answered the questions of Iranian and foreign reporters meeting him at the airport concerning the demonstrations of Iranian pilgrims in Saudi Arabia and the impact made on other pilgrims. He said that about 75,000 Iranian pilgrims went on hajj this year which Iran's enemies had not anticipated given the country's involvement in the unwanted war imposed on it by Iraq. In addition to fulfilling their hajj obligations, the Iranian pilgrims achieved a great victory for the Islamic Republic. When some persons were trying to propagate the notion of the separation of religion and politics the Iranian pilgrims demonstrated emphatically that these two were not inseparable. Referring to those pilgrims who were arrested and imprisoned he said that most of them were freed prior to the major hajj rituals. About the reaction of the pilgrims when they heard about the death of Sadat, Ma'adikhah said that this was a great gift for the pilgrims and made them very happy. He added that they desired the deaths of Saddam and Bani-Sadr. He concluded that the demonstrations of Iranian pilgrims made a great impression upon the other pilgrims and most of them joined the Iranians.

KHOMEYNI ISSUES SPEECH ON 'ID AL-ADHA 4 OCT

LD091604 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 9 Oct 81

[Speech by Imam Khomeyni on the occasion of the 'Id al-Adha and at a ceremony confirming Seyyed 'Ali Khamene'i as president, at the Jamaran mosque in Tehran, on 9 October -- recorded -- duration: 32 minutes]

[Text] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. Before anything else, we must all thank God almighty for granting this nation the honor of serving Islam. We must also thank the nation for their efforts to establish Islamic justice and the Islamic Republic and for the rejection of bandits and corrupt regimes through all the stages before the revolution, during the revolution and after its victory. From the time that they rose, they [the nation] have remained on the scene, working hard with all in their power in the affairs [word indistinct] of the war and they have sacrificed their children and (?families) for the sake of paving the divine path and establishing divine rule. They are now present on the scene more than ever. This was demonstrated by the statistics announced in the presidential elections. The number of participants has increased every time and the recent vote, we believe, was unprecedented in the world. It was unprecedented in the world that all strata of the nation, from the great sources of Islamic imitation [ayatollahs], the learned ulema of various cities, and other oppressed and risen strata, went quickly towards the ballot boxes without there being any intimidation and any propaganda. They all cast their votes; that is, they voted for Islam. We are indebted to the nation for their hard work and their services.

All of us and all the gentlemen who are present here, whether they are members of the military service or the civil sector, we are all indebted to this nation for its hard work. This nation saved us from isolation, got hold of your hands, dragged you out of prisons and ousted the tyrant hands of the oppressors from this country. May God maintain this nation, God willing; and may God bestow prosperity and (?success) upon all those who are working for Islam on battlefronts and behind battlefronts.

All of our gains are because, firstly, Islam is your religion that of the nation's and, secondly, because the nation is with the government, with the armed forces, with the Majlis, and with the judicial power and other organs. The nation is on the scene. Just as we owe the victory to the presence of the nation on the scene, the continuation of the victory also depends on the same thing. Compare this country with others like Egypt and Iraq and other similar, large countries which are behind them and guide their puppets to gain power. Compare them and see. Nothing happened in Iran when its president was martyred. After a short time, a new president was elected. However, when a corrupt president is killed in Egypt, the country ends up in chaos and a martial law for year is announced. The difference between the people's situation here and there and the difference between this president and that president is that here we rely on Islam, and all the nation rose under the flag of Islam. Thus the people remain on the scene even if their president is martyred so they can elect another president. While there [in Egypt] they rely on guns, machineguns and the military forces. Their military forces are separate from their nation and vice versa. This nation relies upon God, whereas in Egypt and Iraq, they rely on Europe, the United States and the USSR. Here, the nation is on the scene and those countries are outside the scene. that is why with the martyrdom of our president nothing happened here, nothing which [usually follows the] killing of a president. While there, the situation is so unstable that even for the funeral of his unblessed body, people are not allowed to attend without permit. This is because the nation is against them.

I must therefore point out, and warn all Islamic countries: You are wrong. You who have abandoned reliance on God and instead are relying on temporal powers like the USSR and America; you who are hated by our nations; you who, if your bayonets are removed will be annihilated; you should come to your senses and abandon this path. You must follow the example of the Iranian nation and Government. The Iranian nation has now established law in its country; it is a nation which formulates its laws without relying on any other power. As for the government, it too has stopped relying on the bayonet; it is relying on God and the nation. Consequently nothing happens when a president or a prime minister is martyred and killed. This is because we are under the blessed Islamic flag; because we rely on God almighty; because our nation is faithful to Islam. Other Islamic nations, too, rely on God and Islam. It is the governments which must take steps to attract the support of their nations. It is the governments which must avoid ruling by bayonets. You [word indistinct] governments never enjoyed the power enjoyed by Mohammad Reza, you never had as much support as he did. He enjoyed the support of all global powers.

When I was in Paris, I realized that everybody supported this man. Nevertheless, this nation which had risen smashed the bayonets, crushed the machineguns, pushed out the big powers from Iran. And however they tried to keep him [late shah] in power and carry on with their own work, they failed. All because Iran relied on God and on its own power. The governments dependent on America and the USSR, a dependence contrary to Koranic precepts, must awaken and note that [word indistinct] belongs to Islam. They should abandon the devious games they are taught and return to the bosom of their nations -- if there is the possibility of such a return for them -- they should return and join their nations, so that they no longer need to use bayonets and impose martial law.

You witnessed that following this colossal revolution staged in Iran, no martial law was declared -- even for a single day. No state of emergency was declared in any part of the country for a single day. This is because to declare martial law is to crush nations. We had no one here who had parted with the nation, who would want to crush the nation.

Saddam [words indistinct] is doing irrational things; he invaded Iran, following the imaginary idea instilled in him. Today, [words indistinct] he is resorting to various roles and plots. One day he compromises with Israel, and then has a certain part of his own country bombed while attributing it to Iran, trying to claim that Iran agrees with Israel, that Iran is an ally of Israel. Iran, even before the revolution, always opposed Israel and has always claimed its opposition; it has blocked everything connected with Israel and its friends. Now he [Saddam] claims Iran does not oppose Israel; rather that it (?cooperates) with Israel. Well, what did this man want which forced him to engage in this war and tell such incredible lies and resort to such plots? Then, they commit another act in Kuwait and attribute it to Iran.

(?We hope) other shaykhdoms will learn their lessons and realize that these things are not in their interests. Remember the superpowers manipulate you. As soon as they realize you are no longer of any use to them, they will throw away your remains.

We noticed that before As-Sadat collapsed, America had already appointed a successor for him. This was when he was still alive and [words indistinct]. Yet America had anticipated his successor. This servant, who lost all his prestige in order to serve America, was cast away as soon as they realized he no longer served any purpose. Consequently, he was killed and what happened happened. This imposed president who intends to rule in Egypt like (?the pharaoh), who has completely submitted to America, who even before becoming president has already declared his solidarity with Israel and America, does he not realize that the nation that sent his predecessor to Hell will give him the same treatment?

The Egyptian nation must bear in mind that if its rises against these plots -- as we did in Iran -- it will be victorious.

The Egyptian nation should not fear martial law and should ignore it. As the Iranians broke the martial law and took to the streets, they should break the martial law and take to the streets and throw out these dregs of the United States. [shouts from the crowd chanting slogans] The nation of Egypt should not sit idle and let this shattered power organize itself once again and impose itself on the nation. Today is the day when the Egyptian nation should revolt. Today is the day when the government is weak and the power lies with the nation. The nation should show this power and should ignore this martial law which is against all principles. They should break this martial law and should take to streets.

This government intends to oppose Islam with bayonets and clearly states that whoever remains faithful to Islam will be crushed. It is the obligation of the nation of Egypt, and the ulema of Egypt, who are not connected with the government; it is the obligation of the ulema of Egypt [Khomeyni repeats himself] -- to rise and for God's sake, to defend Islam. What excuse can the ulema of Egypt give when faced with this government which, even before coming to power, has announced its opposition to Islam and has stated that whoever is connected with Islam will be crushed. What excuse can the ulema of Islam in Egypt give to those who are sitting there waiting for the [word indistinct] to take over once again.

Today, you are victorious. The nation of Egypt today has the power. The armed forces are not necessarily with the government other than those who are paid by the United States. The Armed Forces of Egypt should note that if it supports this government, which has announced that it will follow the United States and Israel and will crush whoever talks about Islam, it will be disgraced. It should not allow Israel to come once again and to rule you [the Egyptian nation] and allow Israel together with America to take your destiny into their hands.

What benefit did the Iraqi Armed Forces gain from Saddam's mistake in attacking Iran who, because of his subservience to the United States and Israel, has been damaged by Iran? What benefit did the Iraqi Armed Forces gain from this attack other than losing the lives of thousands of its personnel here? The Iraqi Armed Forces, seeing that the Iraqi nation is opposing this corrupt and blasphemous party, should oppose the war and should not allow more youths to be killed.

Our armed forces do not want the sons of Muslims, who come to Iran following the corrupt dreams of Saddam, to be killed. We love all Muslim nations and the youths of Islam, and we want them to walk the path of God, the path of Islam and the path chosen by their own nations. Why are the Iraqi Armed Forces sitting idle when Saddam is destroying the country of Iraq, destroying the Iraqi Armed Forces and is ignoring Islam? You, the nation of Iraq and the armed forces of Iraq, should rise and throw out these dregs. All Muslim nations should rise and walk the path of God. All governments should change and become humble before the nation. Saddam has, of course, passed this stage. Sadat, also, apparently had passed it too. [Shouts of God is great, Khomeyni is the leader from the crowd]

We do not want these deceived youths and these deceived boys and girls to live side by side with, or be inspired by those who, inside our country, harbour corrupt thoughts and are busy doing evil deeds in derelict places. You youths, boys and girls, what have you seen from your corrupt leaders other than claims and diversions? Were these not the same persons who claimed that they support the nation and oppose others and that they oppose foreigners? Did they not claim, and don't they still do so, that they oppose America and the West? You saw that they acted in direct opposition to this claim and took refuge in the lap of the United States of America and that the United States of America supports them. You young people, why do you put your thoughts at the disposal of others? Why do you not have independent thoughts? Why do you not examine the lives of your leaders who are ruining you, who themselves either live in derelict places or have fled the country and who will lead you to destruction. They tell you that when you have done all the work they will come back and rule over you. Why do you not think? Why do you not realize what is good for you? The day when they [these leaders] come back and rule over this country; it is not clear what they will do with you.

Those who do not follow Islam are not faithful. It was these people who assassinated their own members as soon as they did anything against the will of their leaders. It is these same people which if, God forbid, they come to power will slaughter everyone who is not in their party and all of those who are not connected with them and all of those supporters who might awaken and utter a word against them. You should not imagine that these people value the nation, value you or value Islam at all. You saw that in spite of all their claims; they fled to the country that they considered to be their enemy. They took refuge in a country which is the enemy of all weak governments and nations. Why do you not think? Why do you not take pity on yourselves? Be aware; stop these evil deeds and do not let others deceive you and use you to further their evil ends and lead you to destruction. We do not want you, the youths who can be the resources of the country, to be destroyed mentally and then physically.

I beseech Almighty God for the health and prosperity of all nations, especially the oppressed masses, and I ask all those who have been brought to power by the toil of this nation to devote all their might to serving the oppressed people and those who live in deprivation and to those who live in derelict ruins. God willing, after the establishment of the government, which is now complete in every aspect, there will be no excuse left for anybody. Before, obstacles were put in the way of things. Now you are all of one mind and none of you sabotages the work of others. You are all of one mind and united. You should fight for the oppressed. We are all indebted to this nation. You should serve this nation and, God willing, you shall become successful. I ask the military force to eliminate those elements which have unjustly entered our country and God willing, to throw them out of our country soon. I beseech God Almighty to give prosperity to all of you military personnel and civilians and all the oppressed nations of the world and to cut off the hands of the oppressors. Peace be upon you all.

KHOMEYNI SENDS MESSAGE TO NATION 9 OCT

LD091324 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 9 Oct 81

[Text] Imam Khomeyni, leader of the revolution and founder of the Islamic Republic of Iran, sent the following message to the Muslim and militant nation of Iran on the occasion of the auspicious feast of sacrifice:

In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. I offer my congratulations to the nation of Iran and the Muslim people of the world on the occasion of the auspicious feast of sacrifice, which is one of the greatest feasts in Islam and the rendevous place [as heard] of great prophets -- from Ebrahim to Mohammad. May Allah's salutations and benedictions be upon them and their scion; prophets who laid the foundationsof monotheism and justice and were leaders of the straight path of worshipping God. I beseech God Almighty to awaken the Muslims of the world to maintain the tradition of our glorious prophets, and I asked God to mobilize the Muslims of the world to pursue the materialization of the aim of prophets, who used to sacrifice their children and dear ones to achieve their goal. With the effort of all, the flag of monotheism will be spread across the world and the hands of the plundering superpowers will be ousted from the Muslim territories and the oppressed.

This year, the 'Id is more auspicious to Muslims because on the eve of it, the pharaoh of Egypt left for the land of the pharoahs; and it is even more auspicious to Iran, because the satanic forces of the dying Saddam and other satans affiliated with America are disintegrating.

I congratulate all the Muslims and the dear nation of Iran on these repeated victories and I pray for health and prosperity of all. It is hoped that by the appointment of the president and through efforts of all the organs, Iran's difficulties will be removed. May peace be upon the pious slaves of God.

[Signed] Ruhollah Musavi Khomeyni; Id-e Qorban, 9 October.

KHAMENE'I SPEAKS AT CONFIRMATION CEREMONY

LD091648 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 9 Oct 81

[Speech by Seyyed 'Ali Khamene'i, new Iranian president, on the occasion of the 'Id al-Adha at a ceremony in which Khomeyni confirms him as president, at the Jamaran mosque in Tehran on 9 October -- recorded]

[Excerpts] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. Greetings to the pure souls of all the martyrs of Islam and the Islamic Republic of Iran, and hail to the dear and great imam and with thanks to the resisting, struggling and indefatiguable people of Iran.

The united presence and the unprecedented participation of our people in the 2 October elections once again disgraced and discredited the propaganda networks affiliated to Zionism and world imperialism, who with their poisonous propaganda are bent on destroying the Islamic revolution. The world's people saw with admiration a nation which, despite all the internal and foreign plots, is presently strong and steadfast on the scene and which has a strong resolution not to rest even for a moment until the revolution's final victory. The participation of nearly 17 million self-sacrificing and God-seeking people of our Islamic homeland in the recent elections, and more important, the united view of more than 16 million of them concerning one man, once again revealed the divine dimension of this revolution. This (?sublime) unity that our people exhibited on 2 October we consider a suitable and worthy reply.

Now, it is up to us to realize the importance of this public (?view) and be certain that so long as we move along the path of God and Islam the people's vote and trust is behind us; if it were otherwise, this vow would be broken and this deep, cordial and tangible love emanating from the heart would grow cold and gradually turn into a crushing hatred. It should never be so. We know full well that our sincere and pure people gave a vote of confidence on 2 October not only to one person but to a line and course whose salient point is being faithful to Islam and the revolution and serving the deprived and the oppressed. And now, in this honorable gathering, in reply to the kindness and trust of the people, I declare that for my part I shall strive for the establishment and sovereignty of Islam, which is the wish of our revolutionary nation, for as long as I live, as did our allies who gave their lives for the love of God and people and who fulfilled their promise.

Now with their decisive vote the people of Iran have elected me as the president of the Islamic Republic, as the trustee of the people. Firstly, with a soul void of anger and hatred and with genuine and sincere kindness, I declare that in the Islamic Republic and in the bosom of this great and struggling nation, for all who serve Islam and the Muslims and for all who truly love God and the people, there is a suitable and worthy place in which to serve. Therefore, to all who have forsaken their people and society in vain, I say: Join the masses of the people and be one of the drops in the roaring ocean of the people. Cast away personal and collective egocentric bonds; those who do injustice to honest, kind and injured people should do so no more but should act bravely and gallantly alongside this brave and gallant nation. If this were to happen, they would also be loved by the nation; if it were not to happen so, they would be cursed and hated by God and the people.

Secondly, for many years our country was the victim of cultural, political and economic pillage and plunder by the superpowers; for many years world blasphemy has sucked the life juices of our nation. Now, by completely severing such dependence and by implementing the slogan: "Neither Eastern, nor Western," our nation intends to lay a new plan in the world. I, too, in obeying the great leader, and alongside these people, will travel decisively and audaciously along this path. With complete confidence I say that victory belongs to our nation; for our revolution is that of the deprived and oppressed, and God's promise is decisive and correct.

Thirdly, I hope and I pray to God, that I shall do my utmost so that the new stage beginning in the Islamic Republic of Iran will be a time for serving the deprived and oppressed and a period in which the full realization of God's will to uproot social, economic and [words indistinct] the oppressor and oppression in our Islamic homeland. I also ask God to aid me in the performance of the duties that the Constitution has assigned me.

I seek help from the pure soul of Mohammad Mostafa' [chants from the audience] and the pure souls of the imams -- may God's peace be upon them -- and the holy souls of the pure and the good, in the course of my service to the people [few words indistinct] and the development of justice and preserving human prestige and honor and the full implementation of the precepts of Islam; I thank the dear and great imam for the kindness he has always had for his pupil [Khameneh'i] and the kind and pure-hearted people for the unprecedented trust they have shown for their servant and brother.

May peace and God's mercy be upon you.

MUSAVI INTERVIEWED ON RETURN FROM NEW YORK

LD091410 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 9 Oct 81

[Excerpts] The Central News Unit reports that Mr Mir-Hoseyn Musavi, the minister of foreign affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran, having participated in the 36th session of the UN General Assembly in New York, arrived in Tehran this morning. According to this report, the minister of foreign affairs and the delegation accompanying him, were welcomed by the acting minister of foreign affairs and several other officials from this ministry. Mr Mir-Hoseyn Musavi, returning to the country, took part in an interview with our correspondent and elaborated on the outcome of his trip and the active presence of the Iranian delegation in the UN General Assembly sessions, on reactions toward [word indistinct] of Iraq's aggression against Iran, the new proposals put forward by Habib Chatti to put an end to the war imposed by Iraq on Iran and also the developments in the region, especially with respect to the death of the pharaoh of Egypt, the traitor As-Sadat. We invite you to listen to this interview:

[Begin recording] [unidentified correspondent] [Question indistinct]

[Answer] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. We believe that if we start a trip with the name of God and [words indistinct] of the almighty, naturally the outcome will be beneficial for the country. The Iranian delegation started this trip with this belief and all in all I can say that the outcome of this trip is positive and constructive, both with regards our views on a world level which was achieved in a suitable way, and high level contacts made with ministers of foreign affairs of various countries which are connected with our interests in different ways. Therefore, altogether I think that the trip might have constructive results in the future and will be beneficial to our nation.

[Question] Considering martyr Raja'i's reply to the proposals made by the delegation from the nonaligned countries and other delegations trying to put an end to the war, how do you view Habib Chatti's proposals?

[Answer] Habib Chatti's proposals have not been published completely as yet [words indistinct] and it should be brought to the attention of the imam first. Generally I can say that this proposal includes new elements which should be discussed and reviewed. What is certain is that we did not initiate the aggression by even one step. The principles we announced, the unconditional withdrawal of the invader from our soil and the punishment of the aggressors should be fulfilled.

[Question] What new developments do you think will follow the death of Egypt's pharaoh?

[Answer] This incident will have a deep effect on the Middle East and can be discussed from different dimensions. This does not mean that the future of the region and the world depends on one person, but that As-Sadat was the crystalization and manifestation of a current opposing God and the oppressed nations in the region with whose death [words indistinct] will be created in the region. The first of these effects would be moves to oppose Islamic movements, that is to say, this incident will speed up the progress of the nations of the region toward an authentic Islam. Why? Because As-Sadat was considered the symbol of a current which tried to separate religion from politics. Under the pretext of politics, he tried in spite of the will of his nation to sell Egypt to the superpowers and the United States [as heard] and suppress his nation in order to impose all encompassing rule over his nation. Naturally, with the withdrawal of such [word indistinct] we will see that the suppressed hopes and dreams of a nation which was crushed under the boots of subservient executioners of As-Sadat, will result in repeated demonstrations within the Egyptian nation and the region. Of course, I don't wish to be premature in my analysys and say that these incidents will occur within a short period of time, but [words indistinct].

The second point is the burial of the Camp David agreements: We do not doubt this. All those dreams and hopes which the leaders of [word indistinct] with the cooperation of imperialism had nurtured will thus be thrown to the wind. [end recording]

HASHEMI-RAFSANJANI QUASHES SHATT AL-'ARAB TALKS

LD102333 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 10 Oct 81

["Exclusive" interview with Majlis Speaker Hashemi-Rafasanjani on the Supreme Defense Council 9 October meeting by unidentified Central News Unit correspondent on 10 October, place not specified -- recorded]

[Text] [Question] Mr Hashemi, please explain to our listeners and viewers about the most important issues discussed in the Supreme Defense Council session.

[Answer] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. As usual the Supreme Defense Council session lasted approximately 4-5 hours. At the beginning, Mr Zahirnezhad and Colonel Shirazi talked about the situation of the fronts in the south and west. They talked about the new situation following the important victories north of Abadan; about the happy and strong morale of our fronts, of our side; and about the chaotic situation of the Iraqi forces. They explained their future programs. They had some projects which were discussed, and we investigated them and made some decisions.

We had some discussions about the defensive and war situation, and also about the counter-revolutionaries and their activities which they have carried out in order to influence the course of the war. Some of our time was spent on these issues and some was spent on hearing the report of Engineer Musavi who has returned from abroad.

[Question] As you know, Mr Habib Chatti, secretary general of the Islamic Conference, has presented a proposal to Mr Musavi, our country's foreign minister. This was planned to be discussed in the Supreme Defense Council session. Could you please tell us if this was discussed, and what was the outcome of the discussion?

[Answer] Of course, this was not on the agenda of the Supreme Defense Council. We prepare the agenda of the sessions beforehand, and Engineer Musavi returned yesterday morning from his trip. He took part in the session and gave a report; but the report was not on the agenda and so there was no discussion or decisions. He explained the issues.

There was nothing new in Mr Habib Chatti's proposals. There are some changes in the interpretations and in the method of approach. Saddam still talks about Shatt al-'Arab [as heard] and talks about discussions concerning Shatt al-'Arab. Before leaving our territory he still wishes to achieve certain undertakings. But, as we have said from the beginning, under no circumstances are we prepared even to talk before the enemy forces' withdrawal from our territory. We are by no means ready to hold discussions concerning Shatt al-'Arab, because a treaty was signed in 1975 which is still valid. The same treaty should be implemented. There can be no new discussions. However, Saddam, in order to escape the impasse which he has created for himself, is constantly looking for an excuse and wishes to receive an undertaking about discussions or something like that so that he can tell his people that he has had discussions with Iran.

[Question] Bearing in mind that he is prepared for peace without any preconditions....

[Answer] There is nothing like that in Habib Chatti's proposal. Well, if Saddam is prepared for peace he should get out. We have not officially received anything like that. If they wish to get out we will not prevent them. They can get out. They are continuing the war. We are not fighting. We are defending ourselves.

[Question] In view of the fact that two of the imam's representatives in the Supreme Defense Council -- one is Mr Khamene'i who has been appointed president and the other has been martyred -- what will be the membership of the Supreme Defense Council?

[Answer] Two people should be appointed by the imam to act as his representatives, because Mr Khamene'i cannot participate [in the Supreme Defense Council session] in two capacities and because someone should also be appointed to replace martyred Namju. I believe that two people will be appointed in the near future.

MATERIALS CONCERNING INTERNAL OPPOSITION

Bombs Deactivated in Shiraz

GF110412 Shiraz Domestic Service in Persian 1500 GMT 10 Oct 81

[Text] Five bombs were deactivated in Shiraz during the past week. According to Fars Police Department, based on information received by the District 8 Police Department, two bombs were planted in two areas in Shiraz. The Shiraz bomb squad was dispatched to the areas and discovered 11 serahi [homemade grenades], electrical wiring, 14 sonic bombs and 1 grenade. The sonic bombs were deactivated.

Hezbollahi Injured in Mashhad

GF121555 Mashhad Domestic Service in Persian 1430 GMT 12 Oct 81

[Text] According to the Mashhad Islamic Revolution Guards Corps Public Relation Office, one of the Hezbollahi brothers, a member of the Neyshabur Mobilization Headquarters for the Oppressed, was the target of an assassination attempt by two unknown persons last night. He was hit by four bullets and wounded in the back of the head. His condition has been announced as satisfactory at the moment.

Kurds Given Surrender Deadline

LD091744 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 9 Oct 81

[Text] According to the Central News Unit, the following statement was issued today by the Joint Operation Headquarters of the Armed Forces and the Northwestern Corps of the country:

In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. O God, please do not bring darkness back to our hearts after throwing light and guidance upon them. [Koranic verse]

Muslim, Kurdish people, peace and glory be upon all the martyrs, the great leader of the Islamic Revolution of Iran, Imam Khomeyni, and you, the Muslims. As you are aware the stormy forces of the Islamic Revolution of Iran, with full superiority, have mopped up the filth of the existance from this islamic homeland of counterrevolutionaries and infidels, and our forces will fly the proud flag of "there is no God but God and Mohammed is His prophet" throughout this Islamic homeland.

Because the school of dear Islam is a school of mercy and clemency for people who regret their past and who return to almighty God; and because this school is also a source of anger and wrath against the infidels and those who negate God and dear Islam, we hereby remind all concerned in the regions of western Azarbayjan and Kordestan -- excluding Baneh and Sar Dasht -- that they are given a deadline of 23 October -- in the Baneh and Sar Dasht regions the deadline extends to 6 November. During this period they have time to present themselves to the combative forces of Islam so that arrangements can be made for them to lead an honorable life.

Outlaws Surrender

LD091830 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 9 Oct 81

[Text] According to the Central News Unit, an informed official at the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps has revealed that in the purging operations in the Uramat region on 7 October, a large number of the outlawed Rastgari armed elements surrendered to the revolution forces. Their number in the past few days has reached 250. They also surrendered their arms and equipment. During these operations, 15 Rastgari mercenaries were killed and a large number wounded.

In addition to the casualties inflicted on the outlawed armed groups, five serviceable vehicles and huge amount of arms and ammunition were taken by the revolution combatant forces.

Guard Corps Announcement

LD102142 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 10 Oct 81

[Announcement by Central Headquarters of Islamic Revolution Guards Corps; date not given]

[Text] During the past week, 31 active members and supporters of American minigroups and the counterrevolution were arrested by the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps of Rasht. They were accused of participating in clashes and terrorist activities.

Among those arrested are a number of the leaders of the reactionary minigroup, the hypocrites, and other minigroups waging war against God in Gilan province. Moreover, a brother guard in Rasht pursued and killed one of the terrorist hypocrites who had martyred (?a number of) brothers who believed in the Islamic Revolution. A sidearm and 20 rounds of ammunition were found on him.

In Bandar-e Gaz, following the arrest of (?a number of) hypocrites, one of their hideouts was discovered and three other hypocritical terrorists, who had participated in armed clashes in that town, were arrested.

In Bandar-e (Torkaman), following the interrogation of a terrorist affiliated to the hypocrites minigroups, a hideout was discovered in that town, and one Colt, one grenade, one typewriter and a number of plans for attacks on revolutionary organiztions and other parts of the town were discovered. Three active members of the terrorist minigroup, the hypocrites in (Dorud), who had played an active role in counterrevolutionary activities, street clashes and the formation of hideouts, were arrested by the guards corps of that town.

A powerful bomb placed by criminal terrorists in front of the bookstall of the Islamic Republican Party in Neyshabur was discovered thanks to the cooperation of the 36-million strong intelligence network, and was defused by the guards corps of Neyshabur.

In addition, the guards corps of Qazvin, with the cooperation of the 36-million strong intelligence network, discovered 12 G-3 rifles, 45 Colt sidearms four M-1 weapons, two Uzi's, one Brno, 26 unauthorized hunting rifles and large quantities of explosives and ammunition during the past month. A number of people were arrested in this connection and turned over to judicial authorities.

73 Executed in Tehran

LD111302 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 11 Oct 81

[Text] According to a Central News Unit report, by the verdict of the Central Islamic Revolution Court, 73 active members of the hypocrites organization and members of other groups waging war on God and pro-American grouplets were sentenced to death on charges of participation in armed demonstrations against the regime of the Islamic Republic of Iran, participation in team houses, grenade explosions and terrorizing defenseless people, misleading students, hoarding arms and explosives, robbing banks, setting fire to buses and other public transport facilities and clashing with revolution guards. The sentences were carried out last night.

Among those executed were elements behind the martyrdom of Dr Ayat and a number of top officials of the hypocrites' publicity and military organizations.

Also by the verdict of the Islamic Revolution Courts of Mahshahr, Khoramabad, Bandar Anzali and Hamedan nine other active members of the hypocriters organization were sentenced to death on similar charges and the sentences were carried out.

The Mojahedin leader in Hamedan was among those executed.

'Hypocrites' Arrested in Gorgan

LD111918 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 11 Oct 81

[Text] The Central News Unit reports that the Public Relations Office of the Gorgan Islamic Revolution Guards Corps has announced that, with the cooperation of the 36-million strong intelligence organization, five team houses were discovered in Gorgan and eight members of the hypocrites organization and two members of the American Peykar minigroup were arrested. The guards seized two G-3 rifles, four Colt handguns, a large quantity of ammunition and tear gas, full and empty Kalashnikov magazines, serahi [T-shaped] grenades, typewriters, intergroup publications and plans to attack the corps and public buildings. According to the report, during the process of arresting the members of one of the team houses, one of the hypocrites was killed.

Doctor Assassinated in Shiraz

LD111910 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 11 Oct 81

[Text] PARS reports that Dr Seyyed Ebrahim Faqihi, a Muslim and committed doctor working at Shiraz's Moqaddasi and Namazi hospitals, was subject to an assassination attempt by a hypocrites organization terrorist group in the city's Suraggar Avenue at 1300 today. He was wounded, and later achieved the lofty status of martyrdom in the hospital.

Qazvin Guards Recover Weapons

GF120850 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0730 GMT 12 Oct 81

[Text] PARS NEWS AGENCY, quoting the Public Relations Department of Qazvin Islamic Revolution Guard Corps, has reported that the brother members of the operation headquarters of the city's guard corps have discovered the following during the past month with the aid of the 36 million-strong intelligence organization: Some 45 Colts, 26 hunting rifles, 12 G-3's, 4 MOI's, 2 Uzi's, 1 Brno, 1 bulletproof vest, a tank (?binocular), a large quantity of dynamite fuses and ammunition for the above weapons as well as 200 explosive detonators. Around 25 individuals have been arrested by the brother guards in this connection.

Cameras To Be Checked

GF121300 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 12 Oct 81

[Text] According to the Central News Unit, the Public Relations Department of the Islamic Consultative Assembly has announced that all reporters, Iranian or foreign, who wish to take movies or still pictures of the open sessions of the Islamic Consultative Assembly must hand in their equipment to the Public Relations Department 24 hours prior to the session.

22 'Hypocrites' Executed

LD131118 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 13 Oct 81

[Text] As a result of verdicts by Islamic Revolution Courts in Bandar-e 'Abbas, Dezful, Sar and Amol 22 members and cadres of the hypocrites organization have been sentenced to death on charges of armed uprising against the Islamic Republic of Iran, taking part in armed demonstrations, armed attacks against defenseless people and public buildings and facilities, armed robbery, car thefts and activity within team houses. The sentences have been carried out.

'Hypocrites' in Clash in Tehran

LD121500 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1330 GMT 12 Oct 81

[Text] According to PARS, after a team house of the hypocrites situated on Kandavan Avenue was surrounded this morning, a clash occurred between the brother guards and the hypocrites; during this clash, a number of the hypocrites were killed and a number fled the scene of the incident.

According to this report, two groups of fleeting hypocrites tried to throw a grenade at the brother guards from a Volkswagen car. The grenade exploded in the hands of one of them and he was killed on the spot.

According to the report, eight persons were also arrested during today's clash.

Two Arrested, Equipment Seized

LD121750 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 12 Oct 81

[Excerpt] According to the Central News Unit, with the cooperation of the 36-million strong intelligence organization and the Khoramabad Islamic Revolution Guards Corps' operational unit, a large amount of arms, ammunition, warfare equipment, printing and copying equipment, statements, and communication equipment were seized today from a hideout belonging to the Feda'iyan-e Khalq guerrilla organization, the minority branch. Two people were arrested in connection with this operation.

Bomb Explodes In Tehran

LD121754 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 12 Oct 81

[Text] According to the Central News Unit, a sonic bomb exploded at 1430 today on the Karim Khan and Aban Street intersection in Tehran. As a result, some people were injured by the flying glass.

Leftists Claim Youths Executed

NC120030 Paris AFP in English 2358 GMT 11 Oct 81

[Text] Paris, 12 Oct (AFP) -- The leftist People's Mojahedin charged here last night that nearly 100 Iranian school pupils were taken from hospital beds and executed in Tehran's Evin Prison last week. The pupils had been injured in recent street demonstrations, Iranian exiles in Paris affirmed.

The 100 victims were buried in what is called Infidels' cemetery and were not first taken to the coroner's office as had been done previously with executed children, the leftists alleged.

A Mojahedin spokesman added that a well-known militant, Shokrollah Gaknejav, and Dr Mohammed Maleki, the first principal of Tehran University after the revolution, "have been arrested and are currently undergoing torture."

More than 80 other supporters of the Mojahedin were executed in the previous 24 hours, the spokesman said.

The Mojahedin assertions could not be independently verified in Tehran.

Paris Embassy Denies Deaths

NC121511 Paris AFP in English 1419 GMT 12 Oct 81

[Text] Paris, 12 Oct (AFP) -- The Iranian Embassy here today denied a charge that nearly 100 Iranian schoolchildren were taken from hospital beds and executed in Tehran's Evin Prison last week.

The embassy described the accusation, carried in a communique issued here last night by the left-wing People's Mojahedin, as "demagogic propaganda."

According to the communique, the children had been injured in recent street demonstrations. The communique alleged that the 100 victims were buried in what is called Infidels' cemetery and were not first taken to the coroner's office as had been done previously with executed children.

CLANDESTINE RADIO CRITICIZES MEHDI BAZARGAN

NC100137 (Clandestine) Radio Iran in Persian to Iran 1330 GMT 9 Oct 81

[Unattributed commentary]

[Excerpts] In his pre-agenda speech in the Islamic Consultative Assembly which roused the rage and hatred of the regime and led to tension and clashes in the hallowed hall of the Majlis, Sheykh Mehdi Bazargan said something which, if they were uttered in this black atmosphere of oppression by a freedom-seeking man, he would have been praised a thousand times. But when the Iranian people heard Bazargan say in the clerical Majlis that Iran has become a sea of war, they sent him hundreds of thousands of curses. How does the chameleonic sheykh who himself erected the bloody (?foundations) of this building of oppression and despotism dare criticize a regime (words indistinct] which is the inevitable continuation of the same machinery of which he himself was the engineer and builder and in which he (?always) either (?created roles) or had roles?

Why is Mr Bazargan complaining and what for? Why does he allow himself to protest the Velayat-e Faqih system, the result of which could not have been other than this sea of blood? When Mr Bazargan, with the mediation of Hashemi-Rafsanjani, was receiving from the hands of Ruhollah Khomeyni the orders to become the prime minister of the provisional government, did he not know what and who Khomeyni was, what he wanted and what kind of rule and society he wanted? Many naive people in the inflamed atmosphere then did not know what Velayat-e Faqih is and what its impacts are. But had Mr Bazargan not read the Velayat-e Faqih book and didn't he know with what a (?demon) and (?bloodsucking monster) he is joining hands?

Mr Bazargan, if the naive people did not know Khomeyni, you should have known him and you should have understood his (?inner feelings). Mr Bazargan, do not try in vain to hide your stained hands in the society of freedom wanters. Your name is stained and the memories of your government disgraceful. You were the person who intensified bloodshed.

Mr Bazargan, do not try to use these deceitful maneuvers to exempt yourself from the sin of hundreds of thousands of crimes and disasters which the nation has suffered for the past 2 and 1/2 years. You were the one who deceitfully opened the way for the seizure of power by these bloodsuckers and who, as the head of the provisional government, played your role so well.

You were the one who knew and did not speak. You were the one who, when you lost power from your incapable hands, donned the disguise of a freedom seeker.

(?When the) youths and adolescents of Iran were being killed, you sat in this same clerical Majlis and (?did not utter a word). Would it not have been better, Mr Bazargan, for you to have remained silent and be satisfied watching the tornado of the sedition and of blood? (?Is it possible that you have undertaken a new role) and want to show that the oppression is not so oppressive after all to stifle the protest of a delegate of the clerical Majlis? You have undertaken [words indistinct] for (?a new objective).

COMMENTARY ON MUSAVI REGIME, AS-SADAT COMMENTS

NC101559 (Clandestine) Radio Iran in Persian to Iran 1330 GMT 10 Oct 81

[Unattributed commentary]

[Excerpts] During his stay in New York recently, the Islamic regime's foreign minister, Mr Hoseyn Musavi, was interviewed by the New York TIMES in which he spoke about the boons of Ruhollah Khomeyni and the regime's unparalleled stability and implied that the Velayat-e Faqih's rule is tantamount to paradise on earth but that others are unable to understand the nature of this paradise and only the Muslims who follow the Hezbollah line can understand it and, therefore, are worthy to gain it.

In this interview Khomeyni's foreign minister says: Our Islamic regime has been able to achieve a level of stability, and it enjoys the support of the masses. At present the regime is trying to change the people's way of thought and to replace the old values which exist in the society with its own criteria. To prove his point about the stability in the regime, Mr Musavi adds: The fact that a large number of the regime's officials and even its president and prime minister have been assassinated is of no importance, because, firstly, these activities are carried out only by a small group and, secondly, we have many people to replace them. What is odd is that the Islamic foreign minister says that the reason for the assassination of the regime's officials proves the existence of great freedom in the society, so much so that the people can assassinate Islamic leaders.

Mr Musavi then says: The best example of full freedom in the Islamic Republic is the fact that the Tudeh Party -- which, according to Mr Musavi himself, follows the Soviet Union's line -- expresses its views on television. However, he does not say from where this freedom of action for the Tudeh Party stems. And, if parties are truly free, then why do the other political groups and parties have the right of action. Even a party like the Muslim People's Party which was formed of Muslims, believed in an Islamic republic and only wanted changes to be made in the mode of rule, does not have the right to exist and all its leaders have either been executed or imprisoned or have fled and hidden.

It is very interesting to note that the regime's foreign minister believes that the assassination of Anwar as-Sadat is a sign of a big and all-embracing insurrection and of instability in Egypt, but the assassination of hundreds of revolution guards and Hezbollahis and many ayatollahs from Beheshti and Hasheminezhad to (Mofatteh) and Madani, from the regime's prime minister and president to its army officials are all works of a small and unimportant little group and is in no way a sign of the instability of the rule of the Velayat-e Faqih. As for what reason or objective was behind the assassination of As-Sadat, this is something which concerns the Egyptian people, but in reply to Mr Musavi's fabrications, one should say: Truly what stability and what a regime -- a regime which has been rendered shaky even by 4-year old children! In addition, the clergymen and turbaned men of Qom as well as their afflicted foreign minister should know that with its insurrection the Iranian nation will destroy this false and imaginary stability on the heads of each and every one of them.

MAS'UD RAJAVI'S PARENTS REPORTEDLY ARRESTED

NC101538 (Clandestine) Radio Iran in Persian to Iran 1330 GMT 10 Oct 81

[Text] Khomeyni's Islamic Republic has announced that 2 weeks ago the 84-year old father and 75-year old mother of Mas'ud Rajavi, the leader of one of the Mojahedin-e Khalq groups, were arrested and imprisoned in Mashhad. Rajavi's parents both suffer from heart ailments and need medical care. This act by the regime of the mullahs shows how weak the ruling system is and how innocent people are imprisoned to crush opponents.

CLANDESTINE CLAIMS PRISONERS TRANSFERRED SOUTH

NC101809 (Clandestine) Free Voice of Iran in Persian to Iran 1500 GMT 10 Oct 81

[Excerpt] Former prisoners in Evin Prison, in other words all those imprisoned on charges of cooperating with the past regime, or on political charges, plundering national wealth, bribery, or crime, smuggling, swindling [words indistinct] and, in general, all those who were being kept in Tehran prisons or had received life sentences until before the recent incidents and the start of the armed struggles, including a large number of the former regime's officials, have been transferred to prisons in the south of Iran in Kharg, Bandar-e Abbas and other southern cities.

An extremely reliable source in the southern prisons indicates that the health (?of the prisoners) is extremely critical and the prisoners are being kept in extremely unfavorable conditions with no signs of medicine and medical care.

KURDISH LEADER QASEMLU VISITS FIGHTERS

JN121740 (Clandestine) Voice of Iranian Kordestan in Suran Kurdish 1340 GMT 11 Oct 81

[Text] The Voice of Iranian Kordestan Correspondent in Sardasht has reported that Dr Abdorrahman Qasemlu, secretary general of the Iranian Kurdish Democratic Party, last night paid an inspection visit to the frontline positions of the martyr Mo'ini peshmerga in the Sardasht region. He was accompanied by a number of party officials. Dr Qasemlu consulted with the peshmerga for hours in their trenches and inquired about the situation at the front and to what extent the peshmerga forces are able to face the enemy. In a statement to our correspondent, Qasemlu expressed his satisfaction with the peshmerga positions in terms of weapons, ammunition and basic needs. He expressed the peshmerga's complete readiness to defend the honor and dignity of the Kurdish people and safeguard the freedom of Iran as a whole. Qasemlu added that the Kurdish people as well as all the peoples of Iran are proud of the peshmerga.

The peshmerga expressed their pleasure at the visit of Qasemlu and the party officials and expressed their readiness to uphold the demands of the Kurdish people under the leadership of the Kurdish Democratic Party and to promote its motto, autonomy for Kordestan and democracy for Iran. The peshmerga made some important suggestions regarding their affairs and expressed the hope that these suggestions would be of benefit to them.

SOVIET DELEGATION ARRIVES IN TEHRAN 12 OCT

LD121722 Tehran PARS in English 1609 GMT 12 Oct 81

[Text] Tehran, 12 Oct (PARS) -- A Soviet delegation, intending to study the changes and progress of the revolution, arrived in Tehran this morning. The delegation, consisting mainly of experts in oriental studies and Iranian studies in particular, was welcomed at the Tehran Mehrabad Airport by Foreign Ministry officials and will meet with members of the Cultural Revolution headquarters and other cultural and political officials of the country.

SOVIET OFFICIAL MEETS WITH ESFAHAN GOVERNOR

GF111801 Tehran PARS in English 1750 GMT 11 Oct 81

[Text] Tehran, Oct 11 (PARS NEWS AGENCY) -- The Soviet consul general in Esfahan, along with the secretary of the consulate, today met and conferred with Engineer Zar'e, the governor general of Esfahan province. In this meeting which was held in the office of the governor general, general issues including economic cooperation between the two countries were discussed.

ARMED FORCES JOINT STAFF COMMUNIQUES

Communique No 663

LD091804 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 9 Oct 81

[Communique No 663 of the Joint Staff of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran]

[Text] In His exalted name. While expressing our congratulations and greetings to the imam of the nation, the commander-in-chief of the armed forces and the founder of the Islamic Republic, and to the faithful Iranian nation on the occasion of the blessed 'Id Al-Adha, we announce some of the self-sacrifices and activities of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran and the situation of the war fronts.

On 6 October, the high flying and brave fighters of the Air Force of the Islamic Republic of Iran bravely bombed the Khor az-Zobeyr powerplant and completely destroyed it, and returned safely to their bases. At 1155 on 7 October violating Iraqi fighter plane was hit by the antiaircraft fire of our fighters in Abadan region and was downed.

Yesteday, sporadic exchanges of artillery and mortar fire continued on most western fronts; on the Choghalvand, Dar-Balut, Shur-e Shirin and Ganjveyh fronts, the gendarmerie personnel replied to the enemy fire and inflicted effective blows upon Iraqi forces on these fronts. On the Choghalvand and Dar-Balut fronts, while destroying a number of enemy trenches and foxholes, our forces succeeded in killing more than 15 Iraqi troops. In Shur-e Shirin, about ten Iraqi foxholes and observation posts were destroyed, together with all their personnel. Also yesterday, six Muslim Iraqi soldiers surrendered to our fighter on one of the western fronts and asked for asylum.

At about 1830 yesterday, the defeated enemy carried out a number of futile attacks on the fronts west of Dezful, but they were faced with the bravery and steadfastness of our forces and were forced to withdraw after suffering relatively heavy losses and casualties. During these operations, 25 of Saddam's troops were killed or wounded and 2 82-mm mortars, 1 tank and 1 of their ammunition depots were destroyed.

On the Ahvaz and Susangerd fronts, the brave fighters of the ground forces responded to the enemy's artillery and other heavy weapons fire, and maintained their superiority. By opening fire on enemy artillery positions, trenches and assembly points, their fire was silenced and one of their ammunitions depots and a number of their light and heavy weapons were destroyed. More than 35 of Saddam's mercenaries were either killed or wounded.

Yesterday, the fighters of the gendarmerie opened fire on enemy positions on the Abadan front. They destroyed a number of enemy trenches and assembly points and killed or wounded 10 of the enemy forces. Also, the police fighting unit responded to the enemy fire and destroyed more than 5 Iraqi weapons and observations positions on the other side of Arvand-rud [Shatt al-'Arab] and killed or wounded a number of enemy personnel.

On the Khuninshahr front, the fighting forces of the navy opened fire on the positions of Saddam's forces and silenced their fire. A number of Iraqi ammunition tents and observation posts were destroyed and several enemy troops were killed.

Yesterday, Abadan continued to come under the fire of enemy artillery and other long range weapons, and a number of residential homes were damaged and several of our dear Abadani compatriots were injured.

Dear compatriots: In yesterday's battles, our proud and steadfast fighters succeeded in killing or wounding more than 85 of the Iraqi forces, and while destroying a number of enemy trenches, foxholes and equipment -- which has not yet been clearly enumerated -- they destroyed a tank, 2 82-mm mortars, 3 ammunition depots and more than 15 trenches and foxholes of Saddam's forces.

With the help of God, may their strength be increased and may their victory be sooner.

Communique No 664

LD101953 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 10 Oct 81

[Communique No 664 of the Joint Staff of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran]

[Text] In His exalted name. In the last 48 hours the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran in the confrontation with the aggressive enemy on the southern and western fronts killed more than 210 of Saddam's soldiers and wounded many others. The observed enemy logistic losses in the war zones were: 11 vehicles and tanks, 1 large caliber ammunition dump, several trenches and various weapons.

In the Dezful sector our combative heroes several times neutralized activities of the enemy, who intended to advance, and inflicted losses and casualties on the aggressors. In the (Pol-e Karkheh) sector, two enemy companies and several tanks and personnel carriers were heavily fired upon by our units and, after more than 50 were killed, they retreated.

In the Shush sector our combatants blocked the enemy's advance with their alertness. During these operations one large caliber ammunition dump and one vehicle carrying ammunition were set ablaze. More than 60 mercenaries were killed.

Exchanges of fire in the theater of operations in the west of the country continued with the superiority of our forces. On the (Meymak), (Shur Shirin) and (Konjan Cham) fronts one mortar of the aggressors was destroyed, one tank and one vehicle of the enemy were damaged, and several enemy personnel were killed and wounded. As a result of the firing of the combatants of Islam on infantry and bulldozer emplacements, artillery, mortar and machinegun positions of the enemy stationed in (Dasht-e Mehran), two trenches of the Saddamists were destroyed, the bulldozers that were busy digging trenches were damaged, and enemy fire was silenced. On one of the fronts in Sar-e Pol Zahab, following the efforts of our brave personnel, the enemy advance was halted, 8 of their vehicles were damaged and more than 100 enemies of Islam were killed.

At 1215 today the army of the mercenary Saddam cowardly bombarded the residential areas of Ilam with 5 Iraqi MiGs, as a result of which approximately 20 houses were wrecked, 3 persons were martyred, and 50 compatriots in the region were wounded. In the last 24 hours several aggressive enemy aircraft appeared in the war zones in the south of the country, but fled because of anti-aircraft fire.

During the battles on 7 and 8 October, 20 combatants of the ground forces, 3 combatants of the gendarmerie and 1 of the fellow fighters of the matryr Chamran were martyred in the war between right and wrong. The path of these glorious martyrs strengthens the red line of the kin of Mohammad, which will ultimately lead to the triumph of blood.

Communique No 665

LD111800 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 11 Oct 81

[Communique no 665 of the Joint Staff of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran]

[Text] In His exalted name. "The evil forces of Saddam are dying and the devils affiliated to America are doomed." [quotation from Khomeyni]

Oh heroic and combative nation of Iran, the brave combatants of the Islamic Republic of Iran who stand fast until their dying breath against Saddam's aggressive army, with complete belief and faith in their ideology, assure you, dear nation, that by relying on God and your support, martyr-nurturing nation, and without paying any attention to any rumor or nonsense of mercenaries of the great Satan, who with lies and evil deeds have yet again recently started shouting about peace and who also bombard our oppressed people. And the brave combatants will continue their relentless fight against the aggressors until the final victory. Now we bring to your attention some of the events in the battle zones.

While Saddam has started using slogans of unconditional peace from his [word indistinct] loudspeakers, on 10 October he bombarded with several of his planes several areas of Ilam with rockets, as a result of which 8 houses were wrecked, 5 inhabitants of the town were martyred and approximately 80 were wounded. The combatants of the army of Islam fired on enemy positions in the (Rayat), (Zin-e Shir), and (Haj Muran) regions, destroying 5 vehicles, 1 tank, approximately 20 trenches and foxholes, 5 personnel assembly buildings and 1 ammunition tent of Saddam's army and killing several Ba'thists, so that for some time ambulances were busy evacuating the dead and wounded, and their defensive positions were burning for hours.

On the Kermanshah fronts, owing to the firepower of the combatants of Islam, enemy fire was silenced, two mortars and seven trenches of the Saddamists were destroyed, and several of them were killed and wounded. Exchanges of fire continue on all the fronts in (Hajiyan), (Darbaluch), Sar-e Pol-e Zahab (Bazi Deraz), and (Sonboleh). Throughout the fronts in Susangerd, the powerful firing of our self-sacrificing combatants on installations and fortifications of the deceived enemy continued, resulting in the destruction of one tank, one truck and the silencing of enemy fire.

Saddam's lackeys fired six long-range artillery shells on Dezful and two artillery shells on Ahvaz, resulting in slight damage. On 9 October as a result of our forces' firing in the Abadan sector, five trenches and foxholes, four observation posts, one ammunition dump, four machinegun emplacements, two mortar emplacements, one vehicle carrying ammunition, six vehicles and one tank of the enemy were destroyed, and a section of the structure of the port of Al-Ufaw received damage. As a result of the firing of the navy battle unit, one trench, one (?heavy) vehicle and one enemy assembly building in the occupied section of Khorramshahr [as received] were destroyed and several personnel were killed and wounded.

Two aircraft of the Saddam's aggressive army, which entered our country's airspace with the intention of bombarding southern operational regions, dropped several bombs on their own bunkers and positions in the west and south of the Arvand Rud, as they were frightened of the firing by antiaircraft units of the army of Islam, which caused some damage to Saddam's forces.

Our red tulips [the dead] who obeyed God's invitation on 9 October and joined God, numbered 25 of the brave men of the ground forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran, 4 of the combatants of the gendarmerie and 7 of the combatants of the martyr Dr Chamran's irregular battalion. May God's mercy be upon them.

As a result of the firing of the army of Islam, 3 tanks, 4 mortars, 13 heavy vehicles, 1 vehicle carrying ammunition, 2 ammunition dumps, 2 machinegun emplacements, (?20) trenches and foxholes and 4 observation posts of the Saddamists were completely destroyed.

GUARD CORPS REPORTS MILITARY SUCCESSES

LD111828 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 11 Oct 81

[Communique issued by the Public Relations Office of the Central Staff of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps -- period of reporting not specified]

[Summary] In the Uraman sector of Marivan region, which was purged of counterrevolutionaries a few days ago, the Guards Corps discovered three ammunition dumps in the Uraman Mountains

belonging to the Rastgari group. The guards seized 100 Brno rifles, 2 [word indistinct] machineguns, 10 Kalashnikov automatic rifles, 1 81-mm mortar, 2 general radios, 2 generators, 2 tents, 40 mule-loads of equipment consisting of light and heavy arms, 10 boxes of medicines and medical equipment, 1 duplicating machine, and the files of personnel "belonging to this American minigroup."

Artillery exchanges continued over the past 24 hours on the Marivan front, and the regions of (Bashmaq) and Nazarih, inside Iraqi territory, were brought under fire. Ten enemy trenches, 2 130-mm artillery pieces, 2 152-mm artillery pieces and 1 antiaircraft gun were destroyed. The Iraqi base in Panjwin, inside Iraq, was pounded, killing six and wounding nine of the enemy forces. On the Ilam front, 40 enemy trenches, several heavy and light vehicles and 1 antiaircraft gun were destroyed and more than 50 Iraqis killed. In the Gavmishan region, devotees of Imam Khomeyni destroyed one enemy observation trench and one 120-mm mortar.

On the southern fronts, guards corps mortar and medium-weapons fire destroyed one enemy tank, one machine gun emplacement and its crew, two observations buildings and three troop assembly points. Several enemy positions and logistical roads along the Khuninshahr front were pounded, resulting in substantial damage to several Iraqi military motor pools and equipment centers, but there is no information about casualties.

GUERRILLAS BLOW UP IRAQI SUPPLY BRIDGE

LD112356 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 11 Oct 81

[Text] PARS NEWS AGENCY reports that the engineering group of the martyr Chamran irregular warfare headquarters at 0400 today planted a floating mine in Shatt-e Naysan, in the (Daghaghaleh) region and exploded an enemy engineering bridge which had been built on that river. After blowing up that bridge which connected the villages of (Brishin) and (Daghagheleh) in the west of Susangerd, the group returned to their base safely.

It is noteworthy that this bridge played an important role for enemy supplies. There is no report yet on the casualties of Saddam's aggressive forces following the explosion of this bridge.

TEHRAN REPORTS ARMED FORCES SUCCESSES 12 OCT

LD121858 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 12 Oct 81

[Summary] According to a PARS NEWS AGENCY report, Muslim fighters from the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran, and the guards in the (Dasht-e 'Abbas), Shaghali and Dehloran regions in the past 24 hours killed 61 Iraqi forces and destroyed 1 command post, 2 observation posts with their crews, and 11 trenches and foxholes. They also damaged five vehicles and one enemy tank.

During the same period, five enemy forces were killed in (Malekshan) district and two observation posts and two group bunkers of the enemy were destroyed, while in (Meymak) four bunkers were destroyed and a number of the forces of Saddam were killed. Our forces silenced enemy fire in the Mehran region and inflicted some damage and losses.